

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
DALLAS DIVISION**

SPRINT SOLUTIONS, INC. and SPRINT COMMUNICATIONS COMPANY, L.P.,)	
)	
Plaintiffs,)	Civil Action No: 3:13-CV-4271-N
)	
v.)	
)	
ONUR SIMSIR and INFINITY WIRELESS LLC,)	
)	
Defendants.)	
)	
)	

**FINAL JUDGMENT AND PERMANENT INJUNCTION
AGAINST DEFENDANTS ONUR SIMSIR AND INFINITY WIRELESS LLC**

Plaintiffs Sprint Solutions, Inc. and Sprint Communications Company, L.P. (collectively, “Sprint” or “Plaintiffs”) brought the above-captioned lawsuit against Defendants Onur Simsir and Infinity Wireless LLC (collectively, “Defendants”), alleging that Defendants are engaged in an unlawful enterprise involving the unauthorized and deceptive bulk purchase and resale overseas of specially-manufactured wireless telephones designed for use on Sprint’s wireless service, including the Sprint iPhone (collectively, “Sprint Phones” or “Sprint Handsets” or “Phones” or “Handsets”), the theft of Sprint’s subsidy investment in the Phones, the unlawful access of Sprint’s protected computer systems and wireless network, the trafficking of Sprint’s protected and confidential computer passwords, and the willful infringement of Sprint’s trademarks (collectively, the “Bulk Handset Trafficking Scheme” or the “Scheme”).

As a result of Defendants’ involvement in the Bulk Handset Trafficking Scheme, Sprint has asserted claims against Defendants for breach of contract, unfair competition, tortious interference with business relationships and prospective advantage, civil conspiracy, unjust

enrichment, conspiracy to induce breach of contract, common law fraud, fraudulent misrepresentation, violations of the federal Computer Fraud and Abuse Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1030, *et seq.*, federal trademark infringement under 15 U.S.C. § 1114, federal common law trademark infringement and false advertising under 15 U.S.C. § 1125(a)(1)(A) and (B), contributory trademark infringement, conversion and injury to business or reputation/dilution of trademarks under Texas Business and Commerce Code Annotated § 16.103. Based on the respective positions advocated by the parties, and having reviewed the Complaint and file and being otherwise duly and fully advised in the premises, it is hereby:

ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED that:

1. This Court has jurisdiction over all the parties and all of the claims set forth in Sprint's Complaint.

2. The Court finds that Sprint has the right to use and enforce rights in the standard character Sprint® mark and stylized Sprint® trademarks (collectively, the "Sprint Marks"), as depicted below:



Sprint uses the Sprint Marks on and in connection with its telecommunications products and services. The Sprint Marks are valid, distinctive, protectable, famous, have acquired secondary meaning, and are associated exclusively with Sprint.

3. The Court finds that the Terms and Conditions and the language in and on the packaging constitute a valid and binding contract enforceable against Defendants. The Court finds that (a) failing to pay for monthly service charges; (b) failing to pay ETF fees; (c) failing to activate the Phones on the Sprint wireless network; (d) reselling and exporting the Sprint Phones and related

products and services; and (e) using the Phones for a purpose that could damage or adversely affect Sprint, constitute independent breaches of contract for which Sprint is entitled to relief.

4. The Court finds that the conduct set forth in the Complaint constitutes violations of the Lanham Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1114 and 1125(a)(1)(A) and (B) (federal trademark infringement and false advertising). The Court further finds that the conduct also constitutes breach of contract, unfair competition, tortious interference with business relationships and prospective advantage, civil conspiracy, unjust enrichment, conspiracy to induce breach of contract, common law fraud, fraudulent misrepresentation, violations of the federal Computer Fraud and Abuse Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1030, *et seq.*, contributory trademark infringement, conversion and injury to business or reputation/dilution of trademarks under Texas Business and Commerce Code Annotated § 16.103.

5. Sprint has suffered damages, including loss of goodwill and damage to its reputation, as a result of Defendants' conduct. On review and consideration of all relevant factors, Sprint is entitled to damages and injunctive relief on the claims as set forth in the Complaint.

6. Final judgment is hereby entered against Defendant Infinity Wireless LLC and in favor of the Plaintiffs, on all of the claims set forth in Plaintiffs' Complaint in the principal amount of Five Million Dollars and Zero Cents (\$5,000,000.00 (U.S.)), which shall bear interest at the legal rate, for which let execution issue forthwith.

7. Defendants and all of their past and present agents, employees, heirs, personal representatives, beneficiaries, relatives, and all other persons or entities acting or purporting to act for them or on their behalves, including, but not limited to, any corporation, partnership, proprietorship or entity of any type that is in any way affiliated or associated with Defendants or Defendants' representatives, agents, assigns, employees, independent contractors, associates,

servants, and any and all persons and entities in active concert and participation with Defendants who receive notice of this Order, shall be and hereby are PERMANENTLY ENJOINED from:

- a. purchasing, selling, unlocking, reflashing, altering, advertising, soliciting and/or shipping, directly or indirectly, any Sprint Phones;
- b. supplying Sprint Phones to or facilitating or in any way assisting other persons or entities who Defendants know or should know are engaged in the purchase or sale of Sprint Phones or hacking, altering, erasing, tampering with, deleting or otherwise disabling the software installed in Sprint Phones;
- c. engaging in any of the conduct described in the Complaint as the “Bulk Handset Trafficking Scheme;”
- d. supplying Sprint Phones to or facilitating or in any way assisting other persons or entities who Defendants know or should know are engaged in any of the acts prohibited under this Permanent Injunction, including, without limitation, the buying and/or selling of Sprint Phones; and
- e. knowingly using the Sprint Marks or any other trademark, service mark, trade name and/or trade dress owned or used by Sprint now or in the future, or that is likely to cause confusion with Sprint’s Marks, without Sprint’s prior written authorization.

8. The purchase, sale or shipment of any Sprint Phones without Sprint’s prior written consent within and/or outside of the continental United States is and shall be deemed a presumptive violation of this permanent injunction.

9. The last known addresses of Defendants are as follows:

Onur Simsir
1200 Fuller Wiser Road, Apt. 528
Eules, Texas 76039

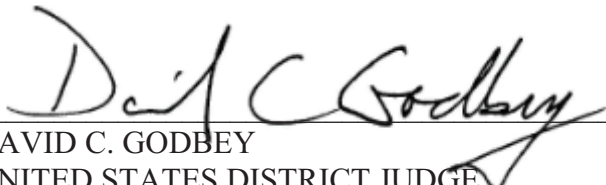
Infinity Wireless LLC
1200 Fuller Wiser Road, Apt. 528
Eules, Texas 76039

10. Defendants waive their rights of appeals from the entry of this Final Judgment.

11. The Court retains jurisdiction over this matter and the parties to this action in order to enforce any violation of the terms of this Permanent Injunction by a finding of contempt and an order for payment of compensatory damages to Plaintiffs in an amount of \$5,000 for each Sprint Phone that Defendants are found to have purchased, sold or unlocked in violation of this Injunction and to enter an award of damages against Defendant Onur Simsir. The Court finds that these amounts are compensatory and will serve to compensate Sprint for its losses in the event Defendants violate the terms of this Order.

12. All relief not expressly granted is denied. This is a final judgment.

Signed January 10, 2014.



DAVID C. GODBEY
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE